A.C. MODULAR GENERATOR SYSTEM

OWNERS MANUAL

MODEL#: LR-6.2 and LR-8
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WARNING:

Do not install or operate the A.C. modular generator system without reading this entire manual.

The A.C. modular generator system will generate enough voltage to produce a fatal electrical shock. Do not perform any wiring installations or modifications while the system is operating. Never touch any live connections while the system is operating. Never operate the system with the generator wiring enclosure open. Install and secure cover before operating.

The installation of the Smart Power® A.C. modular generator system is to be done in accordance with applicable sections in the National Fire Protection Association’s document NFPA 1901, National Electrical Code®, and/or other applicable, recognized electrical codes and by a certified electrician.

Never directly expose the generator to any liquids, especially water, oil, or solvents. Electrical shock, fire and/or damage to the generator can occur and will void the system’s warranty.

Smart Power hydraulic generators, as well as all generators, must be sufficiently protected from the environment to prevent damage to the stator. Smart Power stators go through a very important double-dip coating process prior to generator assembly, however, exposure to direct water sprays can cause the stator to electrically short. Generator damage and electrical shock can occur.

Caution should be taken during truck pressure washing, since water damage to the generator can occur if directly sprayed with high water pressure. Though Smart Power generators are enclosed as much as possible, direct spray through the cooler, fan or open lid can still cause such damage.

Excessive road spray/salt can also cause an electrical short of the stator in the generator and can also shorten the generator’s operating life. To prevent this type of damage, do not mount the system where it will be exposed to road spray.

Evidence of water damage, road spray/salt infiltration, and improper mounting will void the generator warranty.

Avoid physical contact with any of the components of the A.C. modular generator system during its operation or immediately after its use. The components of this system will get hot enough to cause burns and could ignite combustible materials.

Do not mount or locate anything inside of the framework. System overheating could result and void the system’s warranty.
Never operate the system with leaks of any type. Clean up any hydraulic fluid that is spilled or has leaked out of the system. Hydraulic fluid is combustible, and ignition may occur.

With the exception of oil filter periodic replacement, never modify or remove any of the components within the tray assembly.

Never modify or remove any of the components within the pump. This includes all fittings that are originally provided with the A.C. modular generator system.

Never attempt any adjustments or repairs to the A.C. modular generator system while the vehicle engine is running and the PTO is engaged.

Never operate the system with the hydraulic fluid exceeding 175°F. Above this temperature, hydraulic fluid can rapidly oxidize and deteriorate causing generator performance problems. Operating the system while the hydraulic fluid is above 175°F will void the system’s warranty.

Hydraulic fluid is combustible and toxic. In the event of human contact with hydraulic fluid, generously flush body part (eyes, skin, etc.) with running water. Avoid inhalation of any oil mist or vapor. Do not ingest hydraulic fluid. In case of fire, use foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish flame.

Do not exceed the wattage rating of the generator. The generator may be permanently damaged and the generator and hydraulic components may reach temperatures that could cause severe burns upon human contact with the components. Operating the generator system at wattages above the system’s rating will void the system’s warranty.

Disengage the system immediately if a hydraulic fluid leak is detected. Operation of the A.C. modular generator system with low fluid level will result in permanent damage to the hydraulic components in the system and will void the system’s warranty.

Do not attempt to operate the generator with the tray assembly top lid open. Do not tamper with the top lid interlock switch or the hydraulic fluid level sensor.

Never attempt to operate the system without hydraulic fluid. Always maintain a fluid level between ½ to ¾ full in the sight gage. When installing the system, fill the hoses with hydraulic fluid (Dexron III) before engaging the system. Failing to do so will void the system’s warranty.

Operating the A.C. modular generator system in the presence of flammable vapors may result in an explosion.

Use only hoses that meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in this manual. A ruptured hose can cause personal injury and/or damage to the generator system.
Do not operate the system under electrical load with air in the hydraulic fluid (the system will make a growling sound). Do not allow anything to contact the hydraulic hoses that will cause a kink, pinch or chaffing. The A.C. modular hydraulic system generates hydraulic pressures approaching 3600 psi. A ruptured hose may result from abrasion, discharging hot, high-pressure hydraulic fluid, which can cause serious personal injury, fire, and/or damage to the system.

Never remove the guards on the generator to expose the rotating fan or motor coupling. Personal injury will result if fingers, hair or loose clothing come in contact with rotating components.
Disclaimer

Although SPS has taken all reasonable care to ensure that the information contained in this installation manual (including without limitation, references, databases, resources, specifications, illustrations and instructions) was accurate in all material respects at the time of publication, SPS PROVIDES NO ASSURANCE, REPRESENTATION, WARRANTY OR GUARANTEE, expressed or implied (including third party liability), with regard to this manual, including without limiting the generality of the foregoing, with regard to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. The entire information contained in this installation manual is provided by SPS “AS IS” and without warranty of any kind, express or implied, including (but not limited to) any implied warranties or merchantability, fitness for any particular purpose, or non-infringement. Accordingly, by using the SPS unit and this information, you agree that, to the greatest extent permitted by law, SPS (including, without limitation, its subsidiaries, affiliates, agents, officers, directors, employees and insurers) is not and will not be liable for losses or damages resulting from this installation manual, its use, any information contained therein or the installation of the SPS unit.

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As some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of liability for consequential or incidental damages, the limitation contained herein may not apply to you. In such states, SPS’ liability is limited to the greatest extent liability limitation is permitted by applicable law.
Hydraulic Generator Applications:

This heavy-duty electronically controlled generator system has been designed to meet the most demanding mobile applications. It provides 120/240 volt AC @ 60 Hz from no-load to full load, handling electrical loads of 6200 or 8000 watts, depending on model.

How our System works:

A generator driven by a hydraulic motor delivers the electrical power. The motor turns at 3600 RPM as controlled by the flow of hydraulic fluid through an electrically controlled proportional valve. The proportional valve is directly driven by the system controller. The gear pump delivers fluid to the proportional valve through supplied PTO mounted to the vehicle’s transmission.

Heat generated in the hydraulic fluid as it passes through the various components in the system is cooled by a heat exchanger and fan. A filter removes impurities in the fluid. A venturi boost assembly monitors the volume of oil in the hydraulic circuit and feeds the system from the reservoir as needed.

Essentially, the only system maintenance required is periodic replacement of the hydraulic fluid filter and adding hydraulic fluid to maintain the fluid level (when the hydraulic fluid is between 70° and 80° F, it should be at the ¾ mark on the sight gauge).

Generator hydraulic and electrical schematics: see Figure 1, and Figure 2.
Hydraulic schematic for LR-6.2 and LR-8 generator system

Figure 1
WARNING: 12 VOLTS DC MUST BE DIRECTLY APPLIED TO THE GENERATOR SYSTEM CONTROLLER WHENEVER THE HYDRAULIC PUMP IS ENGAGED. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE EXCESSIVE FLUID TEMPERATURE, DAMAGING THE SYSTEM COMPONENTS AND WILL VOID THE WARRANTY.

Electrical schematic for LR-6.2 and LR-8 generator systems

Figure 2
## System Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MODEL OF GENERATOR</th>
<th>LR-6.2</th>
<th>LR-8</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Generator Type</strong></td>
<td>AC Inductive</td>
<td>AC Inductive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Speed</td>
<td>3600 RPM</td>
<td>3600 RPM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frequency</td>
<td>60 Hz</td>
<td>60 Hz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voltage</td>
<td>240 VAC or 120/240 VAC</td>
<td>240 VAC or 120/240 VAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amperage</td>
<td>52A @ 120 VAC or 26A @ 240 VAC</td>
<td>66A @ 120 VAC or 33A @ 240 VAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output Power</td>
<td>6.2 KW continuous 7.5 KW peak</td>
<td>8 KW continuous 9 KW peak</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Hydraulic Motor</strong></th>
<th>Gear Type, 8cc</th>
<th>Gear Type, 8cc</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Speed</td>
<td>4000 RPM</td>
<td>4000 RPM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motor Shaft Size</td>
<td>0.626 inches 9 tooth spline</td>
<td>0.626 inches 9 tooth spline</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Hydraulic Pump</strong></th>
<th>Gear Type, 23cc</th>
<th>Gear Type, 23cc</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Operating Pump Speed</td>
<td>1670-1800 RPM continuous duty</td>
<td>1670-1800 RPM continuous duty</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine Max Engage Speed</td>
<td>1500 RPM</td>
<td>1500 RPM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Displacement Continuous</td>
<td>23cc per revolution</td>
<td>23cc per revolution</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pressure (Max)</td>
<td>3408 psi (235 bar)</td>
<td>3408 psi (235 bar)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peak Pressure</td>
<td>3698 psi (255 bar)</td>
<td>3698 psi (255 bar)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 1
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MODE OF GENERATOR</th>
<th>LR-6.2, LR-8</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fan</strong></td>
<td>12 Inch Pusher</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Voltage</strong></td>
<td>12 Volts DC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Amperage</strong></td>
<td>22 Amps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Filter</strong></td>
<td>10 Micron</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hydraulic Oil</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(recommended)</td>
<td>Dexron III</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(alternate)</td>
<td>ISO Approved Hydraulic Oil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Maximum Viscosity</strong></td>
<td>4600 SUS (1000mm2/S)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>60 SUS (10mm2/S)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Op. Temp. range</strong></td>
<td>-13° F to 195° F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(deg. F.)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hoses</strong></td>
<td>JIC STD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pump Output</strong></td>
<td>3600 psi, SAE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>All Others</strong></td>
<td>1250 psi, SAE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fittings</strong></td>
<td>SAE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dry Weight</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(without pump)</td>
<td>LR-6.2 190 lbs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LR-8 220 lbs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dimension of Tray Asm.</strong></td>
<td>33 ¾” L x 15 ¾” W x 13 ¾” H</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(Including Reservoir)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ambient Operating Temperature Range</strong></td>
<td>0°F to 120°F</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 1 (cont.)
Pre-Installation Guide

Pre-Installation Check List

WARNING:

Never exceed 1500 RPM engine speed when the PTO is engaged. Doing so will void the system’s warranty.

Do not approach a running A.C. modular generator when wearing long, loose items such as hair, jewelry, ties, clothing, etc. Direct contact with a rotating drive shaft can cause serious personal injury and/or damage to the system.

1. Obtain the following hoses of the necessary length for the installation:

   a) Pump inlet hose: 1” SAE 100R1AT-16 hose (use Parker hose ends P/N 10643-16-16). **Note:** Maximum hose length is 20’.
   
   b) Pump outlet hose: 5/8” SAE 100R13-10 rated to **4000 PSI** (use Parker hose ends, part number 10671-10-10). **Note:** Maximum hose length is 20’.

   **WARNING:**

   Do not install hose ends until proper hose length has been determined.

   Never install a hose in a location where it will rub against another surface or abrasion member.

   Do not position hoses with tight bend radii. Consult the hose manufacturers installation guidelines. Tight bends may kink and cause serious damage to the system and will void the system’s warranty.

   Use caution when tightening the hose ends to prevent the hose from becoming twisted.

   Never install a 90° fitting at the pump inlet or outlet. Avoid the use of flow restricting fittings.

   Do not form loops in the hose that may collect air or kink. Run hoses as straight as possible (but not taut) between connections.

   Do not exceed hose lengths of 20 feet.
2. SPS models LR-6.2 and LR-8 can be mounted on top of a vehicle, in the open, without requiring any additional coverings. Reference Figure 3 and Figure 4 for the minimum clearances around the perimeter of the generator’s tray assembly. Also, do not position any obstructions directly in front of the system’s oil cooler. If the system cannot be installed without maintaining the minimum clearances as indicated, or if you have any questions relative to the installation of these systems, contact Smart Power® Systems at (231) 832-5525.

![Diagram showing minimum clearance for proper ventilation](image-url)
6" MINIMUM OBSTRUCTION FREE CLEARANCE

1" MAXIMUM SETBACK FROM FRONT OF COMPARTMENT

Side view of LR-6.2 and LR-8 tray assemblies showing minimum clearance for proper ventilation
Figure 4
**WARNING:**

Do not mount the tray assembly in any location that is not well ventilated. External heat sources elevating the hydraulic fluid and/or the generator temperature will result in premature wear and degraded system performance and void the system’s warranty.

3. The tray assembly must be mounted in a position that is higher than the pump. If the pump inlet hose is 10’ in length or less, the tray and reservoir assemblies must be a minimum of 12” higher than the pump. If the pump inlet hose is longer than 10’, elevate the tray and reservoir assemblies an additional 12” for every additional 10’ of pump inlet hose length. See below for examples of minimum tray assembly elevations above the pump:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pump inlet hose length</th>
<th>Minimum tray and reservoir elevation (above pump)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0 – 10 ft.</td>
<td>12 inches</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15 ft.</td>
<td>18 inches</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 ft.</td>
<td>24 inches</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. Locate a position to mount the SPS Command & Control Center. The ideal location for the Command & Control Center will be in an area that is easily seen and accessed by the generator operator. When the generator system is in use, the Command & Control Center will continuously show the status of the generator, including faults (warnings) if they occur. The Command & Control Center can also be used to engage and disengage the generator. The Command & Control Center is water sealed, and operates on low voltages so pump house mounting is permissible. A 15 ft. water sealed harness is provided to connect the Command & Control Center to the system controller mounted within the generator tray assembly. See Figure 5 for the dimensions of the Command & Control Center.
Installation Guide

1. Refer to the Chelsea PTO Installation Instructions (provided) to mount the PTO/pump unit on Ford Torqshift Transmission.

2. Locate and bore mounting holes for generator tray assembly as shown in Figure 6. Maintain minimum clearances as indicated in Figure 3 and Figure 4.

Hole pattern for mounting LR-6.2 LR-8 tray assemblies

Figure 6
3. Mount the tray assembly as high as possible within the structure of the vehicle. The ideal location for the generator is at the top of the truck in the dunnage area. The manufacturer must also take sufficient precautions to ensure that the generator is not mounted in the path of the deck gun/water cannon.

4. Mount the hydraulic generator tray securely to vehicle. Secure the generator to the floor of the enclosure using mounting hardware (not included), as shown in Figure 7.

![Diagram of generator tray mounts](image)

**WARNING:**

Never mount the Generator on its side or upside down. Always mount the generator upright with its base horizontal. Improper mounting will lead to poor performance and damage to the system and will void the system’s warranty.

Never operate an AC modular generator system that is not secured in place; damage will result.

Do not mount the hydraulic pump or tray assembly in any location that is not well ventilated. External heat sources elevating the hydraulic fluid and/or the generator temperature will result in premature wear and degraded system performance and void the system’s warranty.

5. Mount Command & Control Center:
   a. Create hole pattern as shown in Figure 8.
   b. Mount Command & Control Center to vehicle using #10 stainless steel fasteners.
   c. Connect Command & Control Center to system controller unit using p/n 3722004 harnesses.
6. Flush the hoses with fresh hydraulic fluid (Dexron III). Install hoses and tighten hose ends, using the **Hose Installation Guidelines**. See Figure 31 and for connection locations.

**WARNING:**

*Lubricate hose fitting O-rings with clean hydraulic fluid (Dexron III) before installation to prevent damage to them.*

**Hose Installation Guidelines**

*Never install a hose without first flushing it with clean hydraulic fluid to remove any debris.*

*Never install a hose in a location where it will rub against an abrasive surface or sharp edge or corner.*

*Do not position hoses with tight bend radii. Tight bends may kink and cause serious damage to the system. Consult the hose manufacturer’s guidelines when installing hoses.*

*Use caution when tightening the hose ends to prevent the hose from becoming twisted.*
Never install a 90° fitting at the pump outlet or inlet.

Never use an inlet line fitting less than 1”.

Never install a hose tightly between connections. Leave length for the hoses to expand.

Do not form loops in the hose that may collect air or cause kinking. Run hose as straight as possible (but not taut) between connections.

To keep debris out of hoses while being positioned, cover the ends.

Do not bundle installed hoses tightly together with banding. Hoses must have freedom to expand.

Do not operate the system with external stresses applied to the hydraulic hoses. The A.C. modular hydraulic system generates hydraulic pressure approaching 3500 psi. A ruptured hose may result, causing personal injury or damage to the system.

Do not put any substance into the reservoir other than clean, fresh Dexron III hydraulic fluid. Doing so will void the system’s warranty.

7. Connect the vehicle’s breaker panel to the generator output. The generator is pre-wired to supply 120/240 VAC, with the generator frame bonded to ground. Route the generator output conduit/wiring to the breaker panel, and carefully cut the conduit to length without cutting the wire insulation. A conduit connector has been provided to connect the conduit to the breaker panel. Connect the (4) four generator output wires to the breaker panel as follows (see Figure 2 for electrical schematic and wiring diagram):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Phase</th>
<th>Wire Color</th>
<th>Voltage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Black</td>
<td>120 VAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>120 VAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>White</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Green</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Phase A: Black wire (120 VAC)
Phase B: Red wire (120 VAC)
Neutral: White wire
Ground: Green wire

To completely utilize the generator’s output capabilities, the 120 VAC loads must be equally divided between the generator’s two main windings. Before wiring the vehicle, calculate the wattage of each 120 VAC load that will be connected to the generator. Next, create two groups of loads based on total wattage (add the individual wattage of each load together). Exchange loads between the two groups until the total wattage of the two groups is as close as possible to being equal. Wire the system with one group connected to Phase A (BLACK) and neutral, with the other group connected to Phase B (RED) and neutral.

ALTERNATE CONFIGURATION: 120 VAC only: If the application requires 120 VAC only, the generator terminal strip should be configured as depicted below. This method ensures balanced loading of the generator, fully optimizing the system’s capabilities. Make the following wire connections at the terminal strip:
a) place one jumper between wire 1 and wire 3.
b) place the second jumper between wire 2 and wire 4.
c) connect the phase wire from the breaker box to either wire 1 or wire 3.
d) connect the neutral wire from the breaker box to either wire 2 or wire 4.
e) connect the ground wire from the breaker box to the green wire.

**WARNING:**

To ensure proper voltage regulation, during the operation of generator system, the load difference between Phase A and Phase B must never exceed 20%. Damage to generator system caused by operating it with an unbalanced load will void the system's warranty.

Wiring of the A.C. modular generator system and electrical distribution throughout the vehicle must be done in accordance with applicable sections in the National Fire Protection Association’s document NFPA 1901, the National Electrical Code® and/or other applicable, recognized electrical code and by a certified electrician.

Smart Power® Systems’ A.C. modular generators are supplied with the neutral bonded to ground. Refer to National Fire Protection Association’s document NFPA 1901, National Electrical Code®, and/or other applicable recognized electrical codes before wiring an SPS A.C. modular generator system.

Never wire any loads to the generator’s output without a circuit breaker in series with the load. Damage to the generator, to the components within that circuit, electrical shock, or fire may result if a short occurs in an unprotected circuit. Run all 120 VAC and 240 VAC electrical connections between the generator and the distribution panel in conduit. Bypassing the SPS factory installed breaker will void the system’s warranty. Replacement breakers must be obtained from Smart Power® Systems approved sources only.
Do not perform any wiring installations or modifications while the system is operating. The A.C. modular generator system will generate enough voltage to produce a fatal shock.

Never touch any live connections while the system is operating.

Never operate the system with the generator cover removed.

8. Connect 12 VDC (vehicle battery positive) to the generator’s system controller input (reference Figure 2). Connect the RED wire from the system controller, marked “Vehicle +12V supply” to the vehicle’s ignition circuit through a 30 amp fuse. Connect the BLACK wire to the vehicle’s ground (vehicle battery negative).

**WARNING:**

12 volts DC must be directly applied to the generator system controller whenever the hydraulic pump is engaged. Failure to do so may cause excessive fluid temperature, damaging the system components and will void the warranty.

Never come near a running fan with loose items such as long hair, clothing, jewelry, ties, items that can fall out of pockets, etc.

Do not attempt to operate the generator with the tray assembly top lid open. Serious personal injury may result if clothing, fingers or other body parts come in contact with rotating fan blades.

Never operate the system with fan disabled or removed, or with the lid open. System over-heating will result and this will void the system’s warranty.

Improper wiring of the generator system to the vehicle may discharge the vehicle battery, cause a fire, or cause improper operation of the generator system.

9. Bleed air from the hydraulic system:

a. Turn off the generator's main power breaker. See Figure 9.
b. Fill the Gen-set reservoir with fresh Dexron III hydraulic fluid until the sight gauge is full. As hydraulic fluid begins to fill the hoses, maintain the level of fluid in the reservoir.
c. Start the vehicle and allow the engine to idle.
d. Ensure the generator purge option is enabled.

**Note:** The generator is shipped from the factory with the purge option enabled.

The system controller has been designed to provide a purge option. With this option applied, the generator will turn at a reduced speed to minimize wear to the system’s hydraulic components while purging air from the system. Once
enabled, the purge option will remain set until automatically reset by the system controller. The system controller will reset the option once the following two conditions are met:

1. The hydraulic system has been purged for a total of at least 30 minutes.
2. Of those 30 minutes, at least 20 minutes occurred with the generator on.

**WARNING:**

Never operate the system without the filler/breather plug installed. Contaminants may enter the hydraulic fluid through the filler opening, causing premature wear on the hydraulic components and void the system’s warranty.

Never apply a load to the generator while there is air trapped in the hydraulic fluid. Damage to the system’s hydraulic components, as well as ruptured hoses, may result and void the system’s warranty.

Always run the purge cycle after installation, after replacing the hydraulic fluid and the filter, or after making any other repairs that may allow air into the hydraulic system. Failure to do so will void the system’s warranty.
Enabling System Purge Option

The purge option can also be set by performing the following steps:

1. If the Command & Control Center is dark, press the Mode switch to put the display into Normal mode.
2. If the Display looks like Figure 11, The purge option is enabled.
3. Otherwise, press and hold the Mode switch until the Amps Line 1 field begins blinking \( BB \) (more than 10 seconds). Release the switch so \( OPt \) appears. Reference Figure 10.
4. Press (and release) the Mode switch until \( PvrG \) appears.
5. Press the On/Off switch until a \( y \) appears, indicating Purge option is Active.
6. Return to system purge display by pressing the Mode switch repeatedly until the screen shown in Figure 11 is displayed. Purge will still be active.

Example of display with purge option set

1. Engage the Power Take-Off (PTO). (Note: Pump may sound rough for a few minutes due to entrapped air.)
f. Check for hydraulic fluid leaks, all hose connections must be tight. **Monitor the hydraulic fluid level, adding fluid as needed to keep the level in the sight gauge full.**

g. After 10 minutes, the system controller will automatically switch the generator to “On”. Check to see that the generator is turning (The frequency display should indicate On). If it is not, press the On/Off switch on the Command & Control Center to start the generator.

h. After the generator has been operated for 20 minutes with the generator on, the system controller will automatically disable the purge option.

i. Turn on the generator’s main power breaker

Verify that the generator’s output frequency is 59-62 Hz. If the frequency is not within that range, contact Smart Power Systems at (231) 832-5525 for more information.

10. Prior to applying full load, and after the oil temperature is above 100°F verify proper operation of the cooler fan by feeling for airflow being pulled into the cooler and pushed out by the fan. If the air is not being pulled through the cooler face, contact Smart Power® Systems at (231) 832-5525 for more information. Also, verify that the air passing through the cooler and the fan is not restricted.

**WARNING:**

Improper ventilation will result in system overheating, reduced performance and possible damage to the system and/or cause personal injury. If the system is installed such that improper ventilation exists, the system’s warranty will be voided.

**The Auto-Start Option**

If the auto-start option is enabled, the generator will begin generating electricity whenever the PTO is engaged. If the auto-start option is disabled, the generator will not output electricity after PTO engagement until the “on/off” switch is pressed. Select the auto-start function by performing the following steps:
Enabling Auto-Start Option

a. If the Command & Control Center is dark, press the Mode switch to put the Command & Control Center into Normal mode.

b. Press and hold the Mode switch until the Amps Line 1 field begins blinking **BB** (more than 10 seconds). Release the switch so **OPt** and **AStr** appear. Reference Figure 12.

c. Press the On/Off switch until the desired value appears. A **Y** means Auto-Start is enabled, an **n** means Auto-Start is disabled.

d. Return to Normal mode by pressing Mode.

**Operation**

1. The Command & Control Center will show the generator's output voltage, frequency, current, and system run time whenever the Command & Control Center is in the Normal mode. To access Normal mode, press the Mode switch repeatedly until the correct information is displayed (reference Figure 13).
2. The PTO driving the SPS hydraulic pump must be engaged for the system to generate electricity.

3. The Command & Control Center is equipped with two Smart Touch® switches, labeled “Mode” and “On/Off” respectively. These switches do not require pressure to be activated, but instead sense the presence or absence of your fingertip. The decimal points in the “Amps Line 1” and “Amps Line 2” fields of the Command & Control Center are used to indicate the status of the Mode and On/Off switches respectively (reference Figure 14).
4. If the system controller is powered on, but the generator is not running and no buttons are pressed for 5 minutes, the system will enter Quiescent mode. In Quiescent mode all displays are blank to conserve power. To return to Normal mode from Quiescent mode, press the Mode switch.

5. Whenever the PTO is engaged and the system controller is in Normal or Quiescent mode, the generator can be switched from an “off” state to an “on” state, and vice-versa, by pressing the “on/off” switch on the Command & Control Center. If the PTO is not engaged, the hydraulic pressure is too low, or the generator enclosure cover is not closed when the “on/off” switch is pressed, the following two screens will be displayed alternately (reference Figure 15):

Example of low hydraulic pressure display
Figure 15

6. If the system controller has been set to “auto-start”, the generator will begin to produce power whenever the PTO is engaged. See installation instructions for the directions to select the “auto-start” options.

7. Additional Information provided by the Command & Control Center:

   a. When the Command & Control Center is in Normal mode, pressing the Mode switch once will display the oil temperature (reference Figure 16).

Example of oil temperature display
Figure 16
b. When the Command & Control Center is in Normal mode, pressing the Mode switch twice will cause the amount of time since the oil filter was last changed to be displayed (reference Figure 17):

![Example of oil filter run time display](Figure 17)

**Example of oil filter run time display**
**Figure 17**

c. When the Command & Control Center is in Normal mode, pressing the Mode switch three times will cause the configuration of the generator system controller to be displayed. The “Lr” indicates the controller is configured to run an LR-series generator, and the number displayed corresponds to the maximum power output of the generator in kilowatts (reference Figure 18).

![Example of configuration display](Figure 18)

**Example of configuration display**
**Figure 18**

d. If there are no active faults, pressing the Mode switch once more will return the Command & Control Center to its normal mode. If there are active faults, they will be displayed in succession, one each time you press the Mode switch.

See Diagnostics in the trouble shooting section for more information on faults.
8. If the system measures a hydraulic oil temperature that exceeds 175°F (79°C), the system will begin displaying an alarm. If the system measures a hydraulic oil temperature that exceeds 180°F (82°C), the generator will automatically shut down in 30 minutes unless the shutdown is overridden. If the temperature of the hydraulic oil is measured at or above 220°F, the system will immediately shut down whether or not the high temperature oil warning is overridden. To override the shutdown, perform the following steps:

**Note:** The system must measure a hydraulic oil temperature that exceeds 180°F for this procedure to work.

Step a: Press Mode to cause run and the y and n labels to appear.

Step b: Press On/Off to answer "yes" and make the next screen appear.

**Example of Command & Control Center in hot oil fault override**

*Figure 19*

a. From the Normal mode display, press Mode, as if you wanted to display the oil temperature. The screen shown in Figure 19 will be displayed instead, asking if you want to “Run hot.” This screen will also be displayed if you attempt to start the generator with the condition present.

b. Note the y and n labels below the Mode and On/Off switches. Press the On/Off switch to answer “yes” and proceed to the next screen, or press Mode to answer “no” and proceed to the oil temperature display.
Step c: Press On/Off to answer “yes” and override the shutdown.

Example of Command & Control Center in hot oil fault override confirmation
Figure 20

c. If your answer was “yes” in the previous step, the confirmation screen shown in Figure 20 will be displayed. Again note the y and n labels below the Mode and On/Off switches. Press the On/Off switch to answer “yes” and override the shutdown. Press Mode to answer “no” and proceed to the oil temperature display.

Note: The hydraulic oil is rated for operation at temperatures between -19° F and 175° F. If you override the system and command it to operate at oil temperatures above 195° F, the system output power may degrade and you will void the system’s warranty.

9. If the system detects an insufficient level of hydraulic fluid in the reservoir, it will begin displaying an alarm. If the generator was running when the fault is detected, it will automatically be shut down in 30 minutes unless the shutdown is overridden. To override the shutdown, perform the following steps:

Note: The oil level in the reservoir must be low for this procedure to work.
a. From the Normal mode display, press Mode, as if you wanted to display the oil temperature. The screen shown in Figure 21 will be displayed instead, asking if you want to “Run [with the] Oil Lo[w].” This screen will also be displayed if you attempt to start the generator with the condition present.

b. Note the 'y' and 'n' labels below the Mode and On/Off switches. Press the On/Off switch to answer “yes” and proceed to the next screen, or press Mode to answer “no” and proceed to the oil temperature display.

![Example of Command & Control Center in low oil fault override confirmation](image.png)

Step c: Press On/Off to answer “yes” and override the shutdown.

Example of Command & Control Center in low oil fault override confirmation
Figure 22

c. If your answer was “yes” in the previous step, the confirmation screen shown in Figure 22 will be displayed. Again note the 'y' and 'n' labels below the Mode and On/Off switches. Press the On/Off switch to answer “yes” and override the shutdown. Press Mode to answer “no” and proceed to the oil temperature display.

**Note:** If you override the system and command it to operate with insufficient hydraulic fluid, the system output power may degrade and you will void the system’s warranty.

10. If the system determines the hydraulic fluid temperature sensor is faulty, it will begin displaying an alarm. If the generator was running when the fault is detected, it will automatically be shut down in 30 minutes unless the shutdown is overridden. To override the shutdown, perform the following steps:

**Note:** The alarm must be active for this procedure to work.
Step a: Press Mode to cause \textit{run} and the \textit{y} and \textit{n} labels to appear.

Step b: Press On/Off to answer “yes” and make the next screen appear.

Example of Command & Control Center in temperature sensor fault override

Figure 23

a. From the Normal mode display, press Mode, as if you wanted to display the oil temperature. The screen shown in Figure 23 will be displayed instead, asking if you want to “Run [with a] bad \textit{tsns} [temperature sensor].” This screen will also be displayed if you attempt to start the generator with the condition present.

b. Note the \textit{y} and \textit{n} labels below the Mode and On/Off switches. Press the On/Off switch to answer “yes” and proceed to the next screen, or press Mode to answer “no” and proceed to the oil temperature display.

c. If your answer was “yes” in the previous step, the confirmation screen shown in Figure 24 will be displayed. Again note the \textit{y} and \textit{n} labels below the Mode and On/Off switches. Press the On/Off switch to answer “yes” and override the shutdown. Press Mode to answer “no” and proceed to the oil temperature display.
Note: If you override the system and command it to operate with a faulty temperature sensor, the system may overheat and you will void the system's warranty.

11. If the system determines the generator output voltage is out of range, it will begin displaying an alarm. This fault can be detected only when the generator is operating, and will automatically shut down the generator after 30 minutes unless the shutdown is overridden. To override the shutdown, perform the following steps:

Note: The alarm must be active for this procedure to work.

Example of Command & Control Center
in voltage range fault override
Figure 25

a. From the Normal mode display, press Mode, as if you wanted to display the oil temperature. The screen shown in Figure 25 will be displayed instead, asking if you want to “run [with] bad UOLt [age].”

b. Note the \( y \) and \( n \) labels below the Mode and On/Off switches. Press the On/Off switch to answer “yes” and proceed to the next screen, or press Mode to answer “no” and proceed to the oil temperature display.
Step c: Press On/Off to answer “yes” and override the shutdown.

Example of Command & Control Center in voltage range fault override confirmation
Figure 26

c. If your answer was “yes” in the previous step, the confirmation screen shown in Figure 26 will be displayed. Again note the Y and n labels below the Mode and On/Off switches. Press the On/Off switch to answer “yes” and override the shutdown. Press Mode to answer “no” and proceed to the oil temperature display.

**Note:** If you override the system and command it to operate with voltage out of range, the system may damage the equipment it is powering and you will void the system’s warranty.

**Special Operating Instructions**

**Cold Weather Procedure:**

If the generator system is “started” when the hydraulic oil temperature is below 40°F, the following message will be displayed on the Command & Control Center (reference Figure 27):
Operating Modes when the system START button is activated (or when the system is in “autostart”):

- When the meter displays hydraulic oil temperatures below 20°F, the hydraulic system will bypass the generator motor and the generator will not produce power. This mode warms the hydraulic oil.

- When the meter displays hydraulic oil temperatures between 20°F and 40°F, the generator rotor will turn at a reduced RPM and the generator will not produce power. This warms the hydraulic oil to 40°F.

- When the meter displays hydraulic oil temperatures that exceed 40°F, the system will then commence full power generating operations.

Maintenance Instructions

**WARNING:**

Do not perform maintenance while system is running.

1. Perform regular, periodic checks to verify:
   a. The cooler, the cooler fan and generator vents are not plugged by debris.
   b. There are no fluid leaks within the framework of the generator, along the hoses, or at the pump.
   c. The hoses are not cut, chaffed, bulged or kinked.
   d. That no electrical connections are loose.
   e. That the hydraulic fluid level in the reservoir is between ½ to ¾ full in the sight gage and the hydraulic fluid is clean and bright red in color.
   f. That the bolts mounting the pump to the PTO are not loose.
g. If the hydraulic fluid appears dirty or black in the reservoir sight gage, replace the fluid and filter immediately. Also, if the hydraulic fluid sustains a temperature over 175° F, replace the fluid immediately. Oxidation can occur naturally over time and can be accelerated with over temperature operation, affecting generator output. Always change the filter when the hydraulic fluid is changed.

**WARNING:**

*When adding or replacing hydraulic fluid, always use clean, new Dexron III fluid.*

*Do not power wash the generator. Doing so will void the system’s warranty.*

*Do not allow liquid to enter the generator.*

*If the outside of the generator requires cleaning, wipe surface with a damp cloth.*

*Clean the Command and Control Center using soap and water with a soft cloth only. Improper cleaning, handling and use that may scratch, gouge, chip, fade or otherwise damage the metallic coating and display surfaces are not covered under the device warranty.*

2. Replace the oil filter after every 250 hours of operation, or every three (3) years (whichever comes first). Use Dexron III fluid and one of the following filters:

- Hydac 0080 MA010 P
- Puralator 20101
- Fram P-1653-A (10 Micron 8 GPM)
- WIX 51551 (10 Micron 8 GPM)

*Lubricate the oil filter gasket with Dexron III before installation to permit proper sealing of the filter.*

**WARNING:**

*Do not by-pass the filter or alter filtration plumbing in any way. Doing so will void the system’s warranty.*

3. The system controller automatically records the time from the previous filter change. The hours since the previous filter change can be accessed using the Command & Control Center by pressing the Mode switch until the following screen appears (reference Figure 28):
The Command & Control Center will flash a fault when 250 hours have passed since the previous filter change. After replacing the filter, this fault can be removed from the Command & Control Center, and the filter run time can be reset by performing the following steps:

4. **Step a:** Press Mode until \( \text{InF} \), \( \text{OIL} \), and \( \text{FLt} \) appear.

4. **Step b:** Hold Mode switch down and press On/Off three times in a row to clear the fault.

Procedure will also work in the Oil Filter Hours Information display.
a. Press the Mode switch repeatedly until one of the screens shown in Figure 29 appears.
b. While holding the Mode switch down, press and release the On/Off switch three times in succession, then release the Mode switch. The Oil Filter Fault display will be removed and replaced by another screen. The fault has been cleared and the timer reset. Note: Perform this step every time the filter is changed.
c. When the timer has been reset, the system automatically enters purge mode to purge any entrapped air from the hydraulic lines. See Figure 11. The system must be purged for 30 minutes.
Troubleshooting Guide

Diagnostic:

The Command & Control Center will display certain faults that can assist a service technician in trouble shooting a problem with the generator system. When these faults occur, the fault message will periodically flash on the Command & Control Center, interrupting the normal display. Reference Figure 30 for an example of an over-current fault.

The faults can also be accessed by repeatedly pressing the mode switch. After displaying the oil temperature, oil filter time, and configuration, the next display will be the first active fault. Each time the Mode switch is pressed, the next fault will be displayed. When there are no more faults to display, the Command & Control Center will return to Normal mode.

Example of high current in Line 1 fault display
Figure 30
 Diagnostic Faults:

The following is a list of the diagnostic faults, with a brief explanation of each.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>String</th>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>uLu</td>
<td>Alarm</td>
<td>The control valve feedback is invalid, indicating the system is not under control. Voltage and/or Frequency may be out of specifications.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hI</td>
<td>Alarm</td>
<td>Overcurrent condition. The line in which the overcurrent condition exists is indicated by the location of the “hI” string: If in the “Amps Line 1” field, the overcurrent is in line 1; If in the “Amps Line 2” field, the overcurrent is in line 2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bAd 1</td>
<td>Alarm</td>
<td>Current sensor fault on line 1. The indicated current may be incorrect.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bAd 2</td>
<td>Alarm</td>
<td>Current sensor fault on line 2. The indicated current may be incorrect.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bAd uO</td>
<td>Override</td>
<td>Voltage Sensor Fault. The indicated voltage may be incorrect.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hO  &lt;Temp&gt;</td>
<td>Alarm</td>
<td>Oil temperature is getting too high (&gt;175° F). Measured Temperature in the “Hours” field</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hO  &lt;Temp&gt;</td>
<td>Override</td>
<td>Oil Temperature is too high (&gt;180° F). Measured Temperature in the “Hours” field</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Add FL</td>
<td>Override</td>
<td>Oil level in reservoir is low. Add oil to clear the error.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hO  &lt;Temp&gt;</td>
<td>Shutdown</td>
<td>Oil Temperature dangerous (&gt;220° F). Measured Temperature in the “Hours” field</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bAd lO</td>
<td>Alarm</td>
<td>Indicator Light Ground Fault. The indicator light may not function properly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bAd TSn</td>
<td>Override</td>
<td>Temperature Sensor Fault. The indicated oil temperature may be incorrect.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bAd RL</td>
<td>Alarm</td>
<td>Buzzer Ground Fault. The audible alert buzzer may not function properly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bAd dISP</td>
<td>Alarm</td>
<td>Display Ground Fault. The Command &amp; Control Center may not operate properly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lS FAn</td>
<td>Alarm</td>
<td>Low Side Fan Short. The Fan may not operate properly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bIL FIL</td>
<td>Service Warning</td>
<td>Service Warning: Change the Oil Filter</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 2

Note: The fault “Classes” are defined in the table below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Service Warning</td>
<td>Normal maintenance needs to take place.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alarm</td>
<td>A condition requires the immediate attention of the operator.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shutdown</td>
<td>A condition causes the immediate shutdown of the generator.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Override</td>
<td>A condition that will cause the generator to be shut down in 30 minutes unless explicitly overridden by the operator.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 3
Hydraulic Problems:

1. **Cavitation:**

   *Cavitation is caused by trying to pump more fluid than is available at the pump* inlet due to system restrictions. Pump cavitation sounds like “marbles” passing through the pump. Conditions frequently associated with cavitation are the following:

   a. Too many restrictive fittings such as elbows and reducers on the pump inlet hose.
   b. Tight bends or kinks in pump inlet hose and/or tubing.
   c. Insufficient tray height above the pump, resulting in low head pressures.
   d. Under sized pump inlet hose (minimum pump inlet hose size is 1”).
   e. Excessive long inlet hose (may be corrected by using larger hose).
   f. Cold hydraulic fluid.

   Finding the cause and correcting it should stop cavitation.

   Install a 0-25 psig gauge in line between inlet hose fitting and pump inlet port. Engage PTO. Operate genset with no load for thirty minutes to purge air out of the system. Observe the pressure reading. If the pressure is not positive, system repair/rework is required.

2. **Aeration:**

   *Aeration results from air being drawn into the system* through leak paths or a low fluid condition. Aeration makes a “growling” sound and produces visible bubbles in the fluid stream and/or reservoir. Conditions frequently associated with aeration are the following:

   a. Air leaks in the pump inlet flow path.
   b. Low fluid level allowing air to be drawn into the system.

   Verify there are no air bubbles in the fluid by viewing inside the reservoir. If there are air bubbles, check fluid level, tighten all fittings, and look for cracked fittings or hose leaks on the pump inlet line. Replace any suspect parts and adjust fluid level.

   After correcting any problems, again operate the generator thirty minutes to purge air out of the hydraulic fluid. Note that any bubbles seen in the reservoir indicate leakage in the pump inlet line.
3. **System Overheating:**

System overheating may be caused by re-circulation of hot air through oil cooler, dirty or obstructed oil cooler fins, restricted hydraulic fluid flow, excessive generator load, restricted airflow, previously overheated (old) fluid, non-functional fan, or improperly adjusted pump.

a. Check the oil cooler fins for debris or damage. Clean and/or replace cooler.
b. Verify that the generator load is not excessive.
c. Verify that there is proper ventilation.
d. Verify that the DC fan motor is operating properly.
e. Verify that warm air from the fan outlet is not being re-circulated through the cooler.
f. Check the hydraulic fluid to see if it is black or darkened. This indicates overheating or aging. Drain and flush the system.
g. Fill with new, clean hydraulic fluid.

4. **Low Hydraulic Fluid Level In Reservoir:**

Low hydraulic fluid level in reservoir can be caused by leaking fittings, hoses or pipes.

a. Check all the fittings for leaks. Tighten any loose fittings that are found (but do not over-tighten).
b. Replace defective fittings.
c. Check all tubing for leaks. Repair or replace as necessary.

**Electrical Problems**

1. **No Output Voltage:**

a. No output voltage may be caused by excessive current draw opening the circuit breakers. (The circuit breakers can be found mounted on the generator wiring enclosure.) Remove all electrical loads from the generator and reset breaker(s). Re-engage electrical load in increments. If possible, monitor current draw with the Command & Control Center to determine which portion of the load is causing the breaker to open.

b. The PTO will not engage or is faulty. Contact Smart Power® Systems.

c. The generator’s system controller has lost power (reference Figure 2). The Command & Control Center would stay dark even after the mode and/or on/off switch is pressed. Verify that the vehicle +12V supply has both +12 volts and ground. If 12 volts is not available check the vehicle for a blown fuse or a loose/open electrical connection.
d. The stator field may be shorted or open. With a flashlight, check the generator windings visible through the ventilation slots. If the windings appear burnt in any area, the generator must be replaced. If the windings are not burnt, disconnect wires 1, 2, 3, and 4 from the terminal strip located in the generator wiring enclosure and make resistance measurement. The resistance between wires 1 and 2, and wires 3 and 4 should be between essentially 0 ohms. Contact Smart Power® Systems at (231) 832-5525 if any problems are found.

**WARNING:**

*Do not attempt to measure stator field resistance while the system is operating. Electrical shock may occur.*

e. The exciter field may be shorted or open. With a flashlight, check the generator windings visible through the ventilation slots. If the windings appear burnt in any area, the generator must be replaced. If the windings are not burnt, disconnect the exciter field from the field capacitor. Measure the resistance of the exciter field using an ohmmeter. The resistance of the exciter field should be between .27 and .29 ohms. Contact Smart Power® Systems at (231) 832-5525 if the resistance is outside this range.

**WARNING:**

*Do not attempt to measure the exciter field resistance while the system is operating. Electrical shock may occur.*

f. Exciter field capacitor may be faulty. Disconnect the exciter field from the field capacitor. Using a screwdriver, short leads of capacitor together to discharge capacitor. Measure capacitance using a capacitance meter. Capacitor should have capacitance between 47 and 53 microfarads.

**WARNING:**

*Do not attempt to test the field capacitor with the system running. Electrical shock may occur.*

g. The generator drive motor or coupling is faulty. Observe the generator while the system is engaged. If the coupling is not turning, or if it is turning but the generator is not, one or more of the coupling components may be damaged and must be replaced. Also, verify that the coupling halves are mating. If the coupling halves are not mating, remove the hydraulic motor from the generator to inspect coupling and the rubber insert between the coupling halves. Replace components as necessary, reposition and tighten coupling set screw so both halves of the coupling are mating correctly.
h. The pump is faulty. If no faults are found in steps a. through g., the problem is likely to be a non-functional pump. Contact Smart Power® Systems at (231) 832-5525 for further instructions.

2. **Output voltage exceeds 260 volts or falls below 220 volts AC on a 240 volt line:**
   
a. Verify that the hydraulic system is not overheating by viewing the temperature as displayed by the Command & Control Center. The temperature should not exceed 175° F. If the temperature is greater than 175° F, follow instructions for system overheating (see hydraulic problems).

b. The hydraulic pump speed may be too low. Verify that the engine speed is in the required range (see Table 1). Adjust the engine speed if necessary.

c. The generator speed may be incorrect. The generator output should be between 59-61 Hz. If it is not, contact Smart Power® Systems at (231) 832-5525 for further instructions.

d. If the problem is not detected by performing steps a. through c., contact Smart Power® Systems.

3. **Generator Noise:**

   Generator noise can be caused by defective generator bearings or a faulty generator/hydraulic motor coupling.

   a. Contact Smart Power® Systems if bearings need replacement.

   b. Check the generator/hydraulic motor coupling and replace it if necessary.

   If problems occur other than those listed call **Smart Power® Systems (231) 832-5525** for additional assistance.
## SPS Model Matrix

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PARENT P/N</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>TRAY ASM P/N</th>
<th>PUMP ASM P/N</th>
<th>PUMP DSP. CC</th>
<th>SHAFT</th>
<th>MOTOR DSP. CC</th>
<th>POWER OUTPUT KILOWATT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1700806</td>
<td>GENERATOR, LR-6.2 23cc SPL PUMP</td>
<td>8570106</td>
<td>8510051</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>6.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1700808</td>
<td>GENERATOR, LR-8 23cc SPL PUMP</td>
<td>8570108</td>
<td>8510051</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>8</td>
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</table>

Table 4
### Component Part Number Lists
(Reference Figure 31 and Figure 32)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ITEM NO.</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
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<th>6</th>
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<th>8</th>
<th>9</th>
<th>10</th>
<th>11</th>
<th>12</th>
<th>13</th>
<th>14</th>
<th>15</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PARENT</td>
<td>GENERATOR</td>
<td>OIL COOLER</td>
<td>ASM, FAN</td>
<td>ASM, FILTER</td>
<td>PR. SW., FAN CONT.</td>
<td>TRAY</td>
<td>FILTER ELEMENT</td>
<td>HOUSING BOOST</td>
<td>HYD. MOTOR</td>
<td>GAUGE, FLUID LEVEL</td>
<td>BREATHER PLUG</td>
<td>OIL RES.</td>
<td>ASM, PTO/PUMP</td>
<td>ELEC. CONT. UNIT</td>
<td>PROP. CONT. VALVE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1700806</td>
<td>1500088</td>
<td>8591003</td>
<td>3401121</td>
<td>8590012</td>
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<td>8573001</td>
<td>8590000</td>
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<td>8574404</td>
<td>8572003</td>
<td>8505028</td>
<td>8594463</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 5**

**LR-6.2 and LR-8 Assembly drawing**

**Figure 31**
THIS VIEW SHOWN WITH LID REMOVED

LR-6.2 and LR-8 Assembly drawing
Figure 32
Manufacturers Limited Warranty
Smart Power® Systems Hydraulic Generator

Coverage period

Provided such goods are operated and maintained in accordance with SPS’s written instructions, SPS warrants the hydraulic generators manufactured or supplied by it will be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of five (5) years or one thousand (1,000) hours, whichever comes first, from the date of delivery to the first purchaser. In the case of generators used for rental or demonstration purposes, this warranty coverage period begins on the date the generator is first used for such rental or demonstration purposes. This warranty is extended to all subsequent owners of the generator during the coverage period.

Repair or replacement parts are warranted for ninety (90) days from date of purchase, excluding labor and travel expenses. Any part repaired or replaced during the warranty period assumes the remainder of the warranty or ninety (90) days, whichever is greater.

Smart Power® Systems responsibilities

SPS’s obligation under the terms of this warranty is limited to the repair or replacement, at its option, of the generator or parts of the generator that do not conform to this warranty.

SPS will pay parts costs and reasonable labor expenses (up to the maximum time of two (2) hours @ $65/hour) associated with the removal, repair and reinstallion of the generator into the customer’s equipment. For the first two (2) years of coverage, SPS will pay travel time up to two and one-half (2.5) hours @ $65/hour and mileage cost up to one hundred (100) miles @ $0.25/mile, if such work is done by an SPS distributor or other service representative designated by SPS.

Owner’s responsibilities

The owner is obligated to operate and maintain the generator in accordance with the recommendations published by SPS in the owners manual. The owner is responsible for the costs associated with such maintenance and any adjustments that may be required.

All claims must be brought to the attention of SPS or an authorized distributor or its designated service representative within a reasonable time, within fifteen (15) days after discovery that the generator fails to meet this warranty.

The owner is responsible for payment of any of the following expenses that might be incurred as a result of a failure under the terms of this warranty:

1. Rental equipment used to replace the equipment being repaired.
2. Telephone or other communication expenses.
3. Living and travel expenses of the person making the repair (other than those outlined above).
4. The premium costs for overtime labor requested by the owner.
5. The cost of airfreight or other extraordinary expenses for shipment of parts over and above premium surface transportation.

Limitation

SPS is not responsible for the repair of generators that is required because of normal wear, accident, misuse, abuse, improper installation, corrosion, lack of maintenance, unauthorized modifications, the use of add-on or modified parts, improper storage or negligence. The warranty is void if the generator is (a) not properly ventilated as described in the Owners Manual or (b) is exposed (due to improper installation or location) to water, salt or abrasive particles such as dirt or heavy dust.

The Owners Manual must be completely followed or the Warranty is void.

Normal wear

This warranty will not cover repair where normal use has exhausted the life of a part or generator. Generators, like all mechanical devices, need periodic parts replacement and service to perform well. It should be remembered that the service life of any generator is dependent on the care it receives and the conditions under which it has to operate. Some applications are very dusty or dirty, which can cause excessive wear when ingested. Such wear, when caused by dirt, dust or other abrasive material that has entered the generator because of improper installation/location is not covered by warranty.

THERE IS NO OTHER EXPRESS WARRANTY.

IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, ARE LIMITED TO PERIODS OF WARRANTY SET FORTH ABOVE. TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, ANY AND ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES ARE EXCLUDED. NOTE: Some states and provinces do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above limitations may not apply to you.

IN NO EVENT IS SPS LIABLE FOR INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES. NOTE: Some states or provinces do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights that may vary from state to state or province.

No person is authorized to give any other warranties or to assume any other liabilities on SPS’s behalf, unless made or assumed in writing by an officer of SPS, and no person is authorized to give any warranties or assume any other liability on behalf of seller unless made or assumed in writing by seller.

Contact your SPS distributor for questions regarding your warranty rights and responsibilities at (231) 832-5525; or visit our website at www.smartpower.com.